

Life is nothing but the creation, extension, and preservation of human relations. Relations are precious. Human relations indicate that no one is complete without the help of others. The evolution of global village is the hallmark 10,000 years of history of civilisation. No doubt war begins in the minds of a human being but the same mind talks about the peace also. We must know that the act of today is bound to be analysed tomorrow. Let the peace prevail and rationality dominate over myopic vision of war and aggression. To us, sovereignty means the right to live without interference in the personal equations of a nation with other nations. For example suppose USA wants to impose its relations and equations with Iran on India's relations and equations with Iran, then it is blatant violation of the principles of sovereignty and sound diplomacy.

We are a democratic country, with numerous political parties based on opposing and variant thoughts and views, to run the state affairs. But they all should always keep in mind that they are to manage and run the internal affairs of the state. The foreign affairs are the total prerogative of the government in power and they all are to stand by its side as one nation in the matters of foreign affairs. Anything less than this will prove counter productive to the interest of our nation in foreign matters by weakening our stand in the eyes of other nations.

During the cold-war period, the foreign policy was guided by three factors: (a) political ideologies of communism and capitalism; (b) the balance of power; and (c) showing loyalties towards the super powers. But, today, the foreign policy of a country is directed by three harsh realities: (a) the imperatives of global market economy; (b) the menace of terrorism; and (c) the wrath of fundamentalism. It is very much different from the pre-cold war period.

Now the situation is different. The required is different. Therefore, the parameters are ought to be different. The days of political protections are over, now the economic imperatives dominate. Now markets are more important than battlefields. The political centres are becoming less important than economic points. Globalisation has changed the life-style, behavioural pattern, level of expectations, way of reaction, policies of the Governments and probably everything. Globalisation has changed the complexion of foreign policies of the world. Today, diplomacy seems to be subservient to the economic exigencies. China is, politically, one of the greatest rivals of USA. But their economic ties and dependence have compelled them to undermine their political priorities and ideologies. Those who understand this change are changing. Those who are not, will have to change. Because change is the most permanent fact of life. The success of the foreign policy depends on the fact that how a country undermines the political considerations and shifts the relations towards market integration.

**Civil Services
TIMES**
www.civildesertimes.com
Rs. 425/-

All rights reserved. Reproduction in whole or part without written permission is prohibited.
Cover, Publisher and Printed by Vivek S. Raj at CC, Saket, New Delhi-110017. (India) Tel. Area: Phone: 1, New Delhi

Understanding the
Foreign Policy of India
Of yesterday, present and years to come
Vivek S. Raj

**Civil Services
TIMES**

Understanding the
**Foreign Policy
of India**

Of yesterday, present and years to come



**Civil Services
TIMES**

Vivek S. Raj

Third enlarged and revised Edition: 2011-12

CONTENTS

Trends and challenges of Indian foreign policy	13
India and Neighbouring Countries	
India - Pakistan Relations	17
India - Sri Lanka Relations	59
India - Bhutan Relations	82
India - China Relations	95
Understanding 'string of pearls'	136
India - Afghanistan Relations	141
India - Bangladesh Relations	160
India - Nepal Relations	190
India - Maldives Relations	217
India - Myanmar Relations	222
India and East Asia	
India - Japan Relations	236
India - South Korea Relations	268
India - DPRK	277
India - Mongolia Relations	279
Look East Policy After ASEAN-FTA	
India - Cambodia	288
India - Indonesia	291
India and Laos PDR	295
India - Philippines	296
India - Malaysia	300
India - Thailand	309
India - Vietnam	318
India - Singapore	322
The Gulf, West Asia and Middle-East Policy	
India - Kazakhstan	337
India - Tajikistan	341
India - Uzbekistan	343
India - Belarus	344
India - Iran	345
India - Saudi Arabia	360
India - Jordan	368
India - Syria	371
India- Israel	378
India - Kuwait	388
India - Oman	389
India - Yemen	393
India - Qatar	394
India - Iraq	396
India - United Arab Emirates	399
India and Americas Relations	
India - Brazil	404
India- Venezuela	406
India -Mexico	408
India - Ecuador	411
India - Colombia	412
India - Canada	415
India - Chile	425

India - Argentina	426
India - Liberia	429
India - Peru	430
India - United States of America	431
India - Russia Relations	493
India and Europe Relations-I	
GSP and India	529
India-European Union Summits	535
EU and India FTA	544
India - United Kingdom Relations	547
India - France Relations	557
India - Germany Relations	573
India and Europe Relations II	
India - Turkey	581
India-Finland	584
India-Hungary	586
India-Poland	591
India - Belgium	593
India-Bulgaria	594
India-Netherlands	595
India - Slovenia	596
India-Switzerland	597
India-Denmark	599
India-Iceland	601
India-Italy	602
India-Spain	605
India-Greece	606
India-Luxembourg	607
India-Norway	608
India-Cyprus	609
India - Sweden	610
India - Latvia	610
India - Austria	611
India and Africa Relations	
2nd India- Africa Forum Summit	612
India - South Africa	621
South Africa and SACU	623
India - Bermuda	624
India - Seychelles	624
India - Mozambique	624
Piracy: India suggests five step anti-piracy action plan to UN	626
DTAAs to curb black money	631
India - Ethiopia	638
India - Libya	638
India - Nigeria	639
India - Egypt	640
India - Mauritius	646
India - Namibia	649
India and African Trade Relations	651
India-MERCOSUR-SACU framework	655
<u>Strengthening and stretching South-south cooperation</u>	
G-15 at Tehran 2010	657
Indian economic interaction with African countries	661

India and Australia-NZ Relations

India - Australia	666
India - New Zealand	673

India's Economic Interaction with the World

ASEAN and India-FTA	678
India and Korea CEPA	684
India and Malaysia FTA	685
BIMSTEC	686
SAARC Preferential Arrangement (SAPTA)	691
Mekong-Ganga Cooperation (MGC)	695
The Indian Ocean Rim-Association for Regional Cooperation (IOR-ARC)	696
Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC)	698
BASIC Group	700
The Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC)	701
IBSA	703
The Asia-Pacific Trade Agreement (APTA)	705
MERCOSUR	707
The Asia Cooperation Dialogue (ACD)	709
Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP)	710
North America Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)	710
The United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)	716
The European Free Trade Association (EFTA)	718
AEM	719
PTA with Chile	720
The Global System of Trade Preferences (GSTP)	722
OECD	723
The Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	724
SADU	725
African Union	726
Common Market for Eastern & Southern Africa (COMESA)	727
East African Community (EAC)	727
SACU	727
South African Development Community (SADC)	728
Economic Commission for West African States (ECOWAS)	729
NEPAD/NPCA	729
Pan African e-Network	730
Focus Africa Programme	732
Techno-Economic Approach for Africa India Movement or TEAM 9	732
Kimberley Process (KP)	733
<u>World Intellectual Property</u>	
The Madrid System and the Hague System	738
The Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT)	738
The Law of Patents (SCP)	739
Future prospects of WIPO	740
ISA and IPEA	741
WIPO, WTO and TRIPS	743
<u>International Bank for Reconstruction and Development</u>	
The International Development Association (IDA)	748
ICSID	749
The International Finance Corporation (IFC)	749
India and the World Bank	750
Sustainable Urban Transport Project (SUTP)	752

MIGA	754
MIGA and FDI	754
<u>International Monetary Fund and India</u>	
India and IMF	759
Special Drawing Rights	761
<u>World Trade Organisation Towards Multilateralism</u>	
Delhi Meet	763
Functioning Components of WTO	767
Intellectual Property Rights	776
AD-CVD	777
Summits and their analysis	
10th Trilateral Foreign Ministers Meet at Wuhan	788
Nuclear non-proliferation without disarmament	797
17th ASEAN Summit at Ha Noi in Vietnam	810
Seoul Summit of G20	818
Relevance of Territorial Disputes in a Globalised World	824
CHOGM: In search of relevance	829
From Prague to Washington: A good start but where the end lies	834
Politics of Appeasement: US-Pakistan Strategic Dialogue	841
Non-Aligned Movement 15th Summit at Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt	846
BRICS Summit Sanya, Hainan, China	854
10th Summit on SCO and Indian Strategic Position	863
India joins UNSC as non-permanent member	869
16th SAARC Summit	871
India and LDCs Ministerial Conference at New Delhi	882
Diplomatic Terms	884

